

## Clinical Trial Results Summary

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**A clinical trial to learn more  
about the effects of inclisiran in  
teenagers with heterozygous familial  
hypercholesterolemia (HeFH)**

## Thank you!

Thank you to the participants and families who took part in the clinical trial for **heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH)**. Every participant helped the researchers learn more about the trial drug **inclisiran**, also called **KJX839**.

Novartis sponsored this trial and believes it is important to share what was learned from the results of this trial with the participants and the public. We hope this helps the participants understand their important role in medical research.

### Trial information

**Trial number:** CKJX839C12301

**Novartis drug studied:** **inclisiran**,  
also called **KJX839**

**Sponsor:** Novartis

..... If you were a participant and have any  
questions about the results, please talk  
to the doctor or staff at the trial site.

..... This summary only shows the results of  
a single clinical trial. Other clinical trials  
may have different results.

# What was the main purpose of this trial?

The purpose of this trial was to learn more about the effects of **inclisiran** for teenagers with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH). To find this out, researchers compared the effects of **inclisiran** to a **placebo**.



**Heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH)** is a genetic condition passed from parent to child that causes high cholesterol. High cholesterol can build up in the blood vessels and block blood flow. This can cause heart attack and stroke.

HeFH is a type of familial hypercholesterolemia (FH) that happens when a person gets a changed (mutated) gene from one parent. HeFH can cause high cholesterol in childhood.



**Inclisiran**, also called **KJX839**, is a trial drug created to stop the body from making a **protein called PCSK9**. High levels of the protein PCSK9 can play a role in high LDL cholesterol. It has been approved in certain countries for adults with HeFH.



A **placebo** looks like the trial drug but does not have any drug in it. Using a **placebo** helps researchers better understand the effect of a trial drug.

## What is cholesterol?

**Cholesterol** is a type of fat in the blood. There are 2 main types of cholesterol:

- **LDL cholesterol**, or “bad” cholesterol, which can build up in the blood vessels and cause heart attack and stroke
- **HDL cholesterol**, or “good” cholesterol, which helps the body break down other types of cholesterol and helps protect against heart attack and stroke



## Trial drug

**Inclisiran** also called **KJX839**

**Pronounced as**  
in-kli-sir-an



## The trial's purpose was to answer these main questions:

- Did inclisiran lower teenagers' LDL cholesterol from before treatment to 1 year of treatment?
- What medical problems, also called adverse events, happened during this trial?

↳ An **adverse event** is any sign or symptom that participants have during a trial. Adverse events **may** or **may not** be caused by treatments in the trial.

## How long was this trial?



The trial began in January 2021 and ended in November 2024. Each participant was in the trial for about 2 years. Participants started the trial on different dates.

This trial had 2 parts:

- **Part 1** (1 year): Participants received either **inclisiran** or **placebo**
- **Part 2** (1 year): All participants received **inclisiran**

## Who was in this trial?



141 participants with HeFH received treatment in this trial – 66 boys and 75 girls. Participants' ages ranged from 12 to 17 years. Their average age was 15 years.

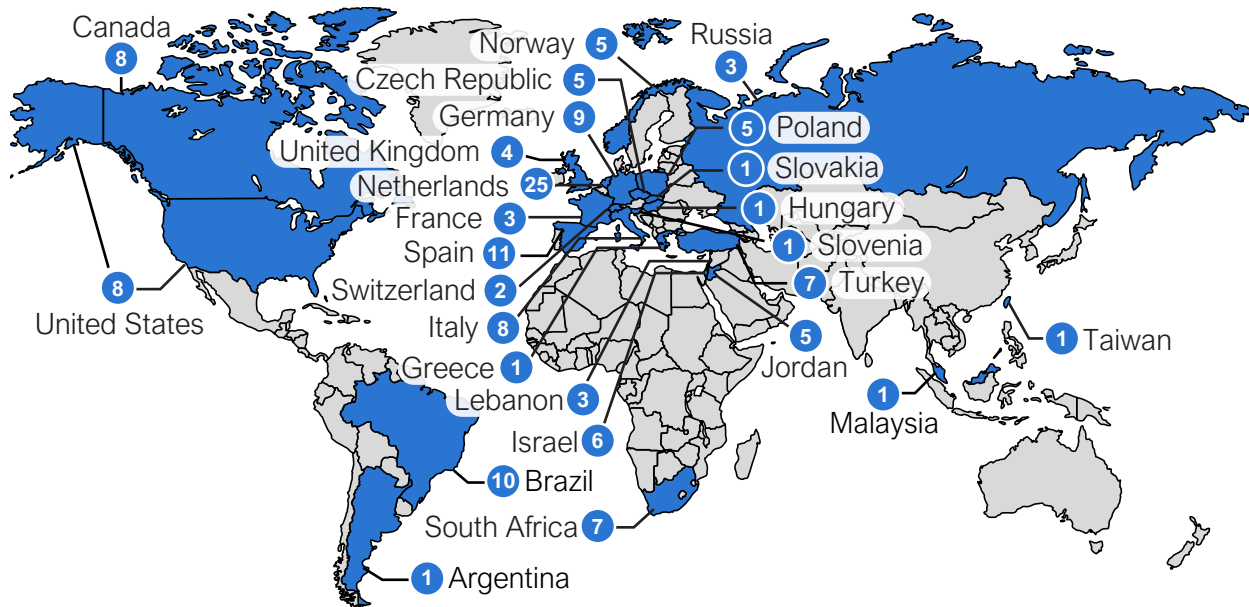
The number of participants by race is shown below.



The participants could take part in this trial if they:

- Had high LDL cholesterol while taking drugs that lower cholesterol
- Did not have another type of familial hypercholesterolemia called homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)

141 participants from 26 countries received treatment. The map below shows the number of participants who took part in each country.



## What treatments did the participants receive?

The treatments in this trial were:



**Inclisiran**, also called **KJX839**, 300 milligrams, which was received as injections under the skin.



**Placebo**, which was received as injections under the skin. It looks like the trial drug but does not have any drug in it. Using a **placebo** helps researchers better understand the effect of a trial drug.

Along with the treatments above, participants continued taking their regular treatments to lower cholesterol.

Researchers used a computer to randomly assign participants to their treatments in Part 1. Twice as many participants were assigned **inclisiran** compared to **placebo**.

**During Part 1**, the participants and their families, researchers, and trial staff did not know what treatment the participants were receiving. Some trials are done this way because knowing what treatment the participants receive can affect the results of the trial. Doing a trial this way helps to make sure that the results are looked at with fairness across all treatments.

**During Part 2**, the participants and their families, researchers, and trial staff knew what treatment each teenager received. All participants received **inclisiran**.

# What happened during this trial?

## Before treatment

1 month



The trial staff checked to make sure the participants could be in this trial.

## During treatment

2 years



In **Part 1**, 141 participants received treatment 3 times in one of these groups:

- **Group A:** 93 participants received **inclisiran** on Day 1, Month 3, and Month 9
- **Group B:** 48 participants received **placebo** on Day 1, Month 3, and Month 9

139 participants completed Part 1 and started **Part 2**. Everyone in Part 2 received **inclisiran** up to 3 times total, on Month 12, Month 15, and Month 21.

## After treatment

1 month after a participant's last trial visit



Trial staff checked participants for any medical problems for up to 1 month after their last trial visit.

At the end of this trial, trial doctors invited participants who benefited from **inclisiran** to join another trial called CKJX839C12001B. This trial's purpose was to learn about the safety of **inclisiran** over a longer period of time.

Trial staff checked the participants' general health throughout the trial.

# What were the main results of this trial?

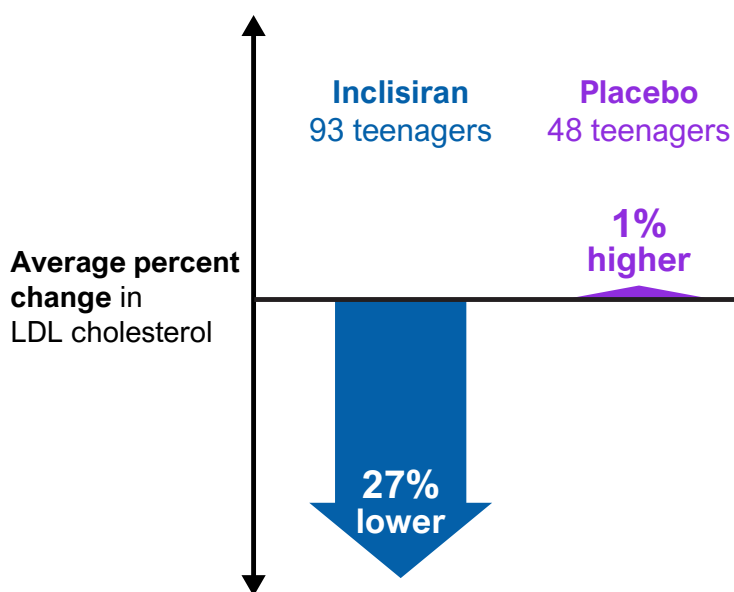
## Did inclisiran lower teenagers' LDL cholesterol from before treatment to 1 year of treatment?



At 1 year of treatment, the average level of LDL cholesterol was lower in teenagers who received **inclisiran** compared to those who received **placebo** during Part 1.

To learn this, researchers measured the level of LDL cholesterol in participants' blood before and at 1 year of treatment. They compared the change in LDL cholesterol in teenagers who received **inclisiran** to those who received **placebo**.

### Average change in LDL cholesterol from before treatment to 1 year of treatment



# What were the other results of this trial?

## Did inclisiran lower other measures of cholesterol and fats in the blood?



**Part 1:** Compared to participants who received **placebo**, those who received **inclisiran** had lower measures of cholesterol and certain types of fat in their blood at 1 year of treatment.

**Part 2:** Compared to before treatment, teenagers who received **inclisiran** had lower measures of cholesterol and certain types of fat in their blood at year 2.

To learn this, the researchers looked at different measures of cholesterol and fats in the participants' blood before treatment and at different times during Part 1 and 2.

## Did inclisiran lower the amount of the protein PCSK9 in the blood?



**Part 1:** Compared to teenagers who received **placebo**, teenagers who received **inclisiran** had less PCSK9 in their blood at 1 year of treatment.

**Part 2:** Compared to before treatment, teenagers who received **inclisiran** had less PCSK9 in their blood at year 2 of treatment.

To learn this, the researchers looked at the amount of the protein PCSK9 in the participants' blood before treatment and at 1 and 2 years of treatment. **PCSK9** is a protein that can cause the body to remove less LDL cholesterol from the blood. More PCSK9 can lead to higher LDL cholesterol. **Inclisiran** is designed to stop the body from making PCSK9.

# What medical problems, also called adverse events, happened during this trial?

Trial doctors keep track of all medical problems, also called **adverse events**, that happen in trials. They track adverse events even if they think the adverse events are not related to the trial treatments.

Many trials are needed to know if a drug or treatment causes an adverse event.

This section is a summary of the adverse events that happened from the start of treatment until up to 1 month after their last trial visit.

An **adverse event** is:

- Any **sign or symptom** that the participants have during a trial
- Considered **serious** when it is life-threatening, causes lasting problems, the participant needs hospital care, or results in death

Adverse events **may** or **may not** be caused by treatments in the trial.

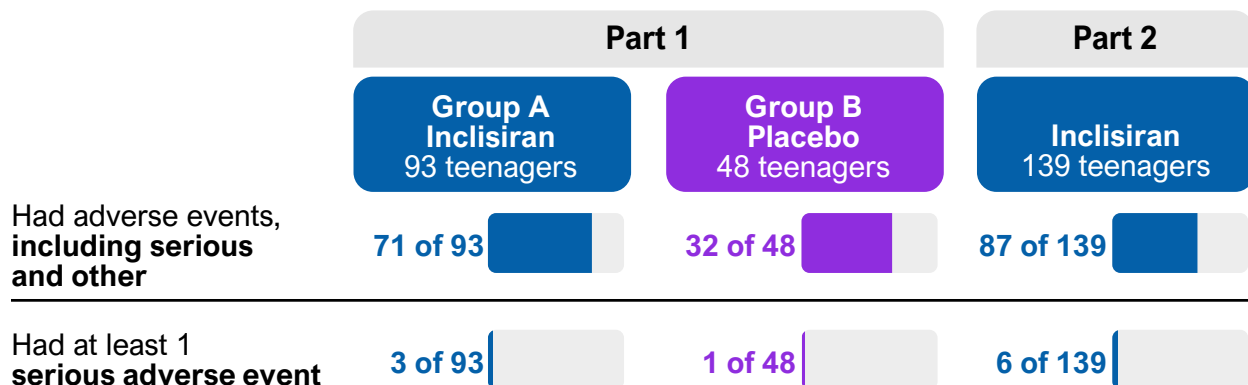


In **Part 1**, 103 of 141 teenagers had adverse events, including serious and other adverse events. 4 teenagers had adverse events that were considered serious.

In **Part 2**, 87 of 139 teenagers had adverse events, including serious and other adverse events. 6 teenagers had adverse events that were considered serious.

No teenagers left the trial due to an adverse event. No teenagers died during the trial. The researchers concluded there were no new safety concerns for **inclisiran** in this trial.

## How many teenagers had adverse events?



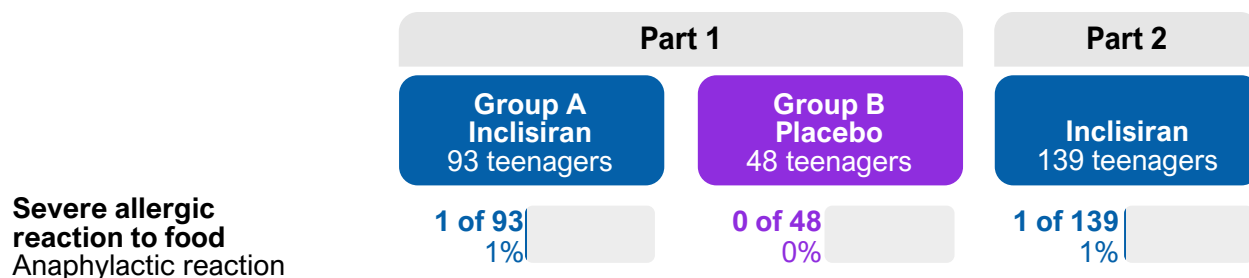


## What serious adverse events did the teenagers have?

In **Part 1**, 4 teenagers had serious adverse events.

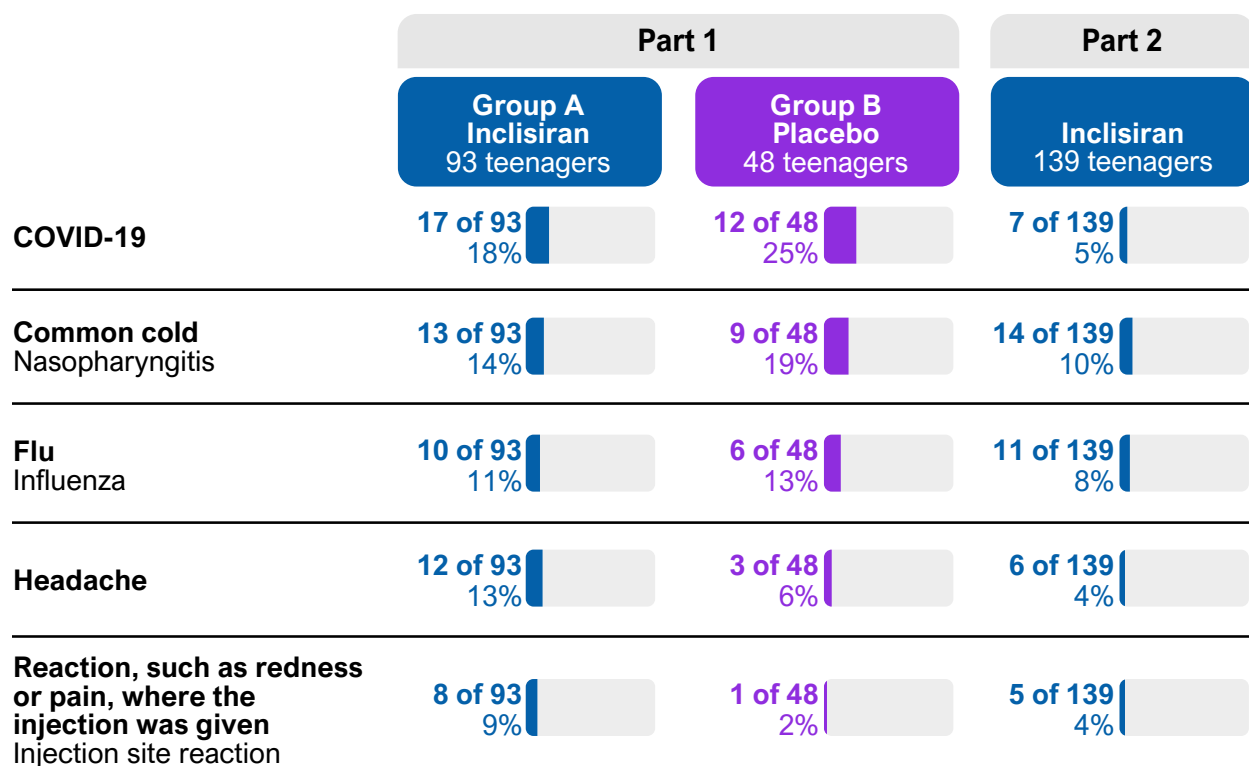
In **Part 2**, 6 teenagers had serious adverse events.

The table below shows the most common serious adverse events.



## What other (not including serious) adverse events did the teenagers have?

The table below shows the most common other adverse events.



# What was learned from this trial?

Researchers learned about the effects of **inclisiran** for teenagers with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH).



The researchers concluded that, compared to those who received the **placebo**, teenagers who received **inclisiran**:

- Had a lower level of LDL cholesterol at 1 year of treatment during Part 1
- Had lower levels of some other cholesterol and fats in their blood during Part 1 and Part 2
- Had less PCSK9 in their blood during Part 1 and Part 2

The researchers concluded there were no new safety concerns for **inclisiran** in this trial.

When this summary was written, an extension trial CKJX839C12001B, also called VICTORION-PEDS-OLE, was ongoing for some teenagers who completed this or another trial.

# Where can I learn more about this trial?

More information about the results and adverse events in this trial can be found in the scientific summary of the results available on the Novartis Clinical Trial Results website [www.novctrd.com](http://www.novctrd.com)

Follow these steps to find the scientific summary:



Go to  
[www.novctrd.com](http://www.novctrd.com)

Click **Clinical  
Trial Results**

Accept the terms  
**I accept**

Search by study number  
**CKJX839C12301**

For more information about this trial, go to any of these websites:

- [clinicaltrials.gov](http://clinicaltrials.gov) – search using the number **NCT04652726**
- [clinicaltrialsregister.eu](http://clinicaltrialsregister.eu) – search using the number **2020-002757-18**

Other trials of **inclisiran** may appear on the public websites above. When there, search for **inclisiran** or **KJX839**.

**Full clinical trial title:** Two part (double-blind inclisiran versus placebo [Year 1] followed by open-label inclisiran [Year 2]) randomized multicenter study to evaluate safety, tolerability, and efficacy of inclisiran in adolescents (12 to less than 18 years) with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia and elevated LDL-cholesterol (ORION-16)



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1-888-669-6682 (US) | +41-61-324 1111 (EU)

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